CITY OF EPHRAIM, UTAH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

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LARSON & COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 28, 2005

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Ephraim, Utah

Mayor and Council Members:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ephraim, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City of Ephraim's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Ephraim's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ephraim, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

1

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages MDA-1 through MDA-6 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated October 28, 2005, on our consideration of the City of Ephraim's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Ephraim's basic financial statements. The combining non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining non-major fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Larson & Company

Certified Public Accountants

Larson + Company

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Ephraim City, we offer readers of the Ephraim City financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. It is designed to provide an overview of the City's financial activity. It is also intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, including identifying changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), identifying any material deviations from the approved budget, and identifying individual fund issues or concerns. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The total net assets of Ephraim City increased by \$1,356,220 to \$17,078,156. The governmental net assets decreased by \$399,130 and the business-type net assets increased by \$957,090.

The total net assets of \$17,078,156 are made up of \$13,388,611 in capital assets net of related debt and \$3,689,545 in other net assets.

The General Fund (the primary operating fund) had an increase in its fund balance of \$74,146.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Ephraim City's basic financial statements. Ephraim City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Ephraim City's finances, in a manner similar to the financial statements of a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of Ephraim City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Ephraim City is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors need to be considered.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year reported. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as

the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Ephraim City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Ephraim City also uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds - These funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These fund statements focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps users determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.

The only major governmental funds (as determined by generally accepted accounting principles) are the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund (Building Authority). The other governmental funds are determined to be non-major and are included in the combining statements within this report.

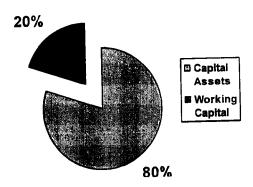
Proprietary funds - Ephraim City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Ephraim City uses enterprise funds to account for its Electric Utility, Water Utility and Sewer Utility, Solid Waste Utility, Fire District, Housing Authority, Industrial Park, Ambulance Association, and Rodeo Ground Complex. As determined by generally-accepted accounting principles all Ephraim City's enterprise funds that meet the criteria for major fund classification are as follows: Water Utility, Sewer Utility, Electric Utility, and the Housing Authority.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Ephraim City, assets exceed liabilities by \$17,078,156.

By far the largest portion of Ephraim City's net assets (\$17,078,156) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total Asset Comparison



The following two tables are summaries of the net assets and changes in net assets of Ephraim City:

Net Asse	ts	
Tune 30.	2005	and 2004

June 30, 2005 and 2004	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	To	tal
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$1,411,042	\$921,346	\$3,595,175	\$3,147,426	\$5,006,217	\$4,068,772
Current and other assets	11,140,043	11,072,921	8,629,304	8, 576, 777	19,769,347	19,649,698
Capital assets	12,551,085	11,994,267	12,224,479	11,724,203	24,775,564	23,718,470
Total assets	635,891	362,795	165,935	393,204	8 01, 82 6	755,999
Other liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	4,199,919	4,314,771	2.695.663	2,925,208	6.895.582	7,239,979
Total liabilities	4,835,810	4,677,566	2.861,598	3,318,412	7,697,408	7.995.978
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net assets	7,196,871 216,337 302.067 \$7,715,275	7,014,002 214,475 88,224 \$7,316,701	6,277,125 1,149,483 1,936,273 \$9,362,881	6,019,439 1,119,477 1.266,875 \$8,405,791	13,473,996 1,365,820 2,238,340 \$17,078,156	13,033,441 1,333,952 1,355,099 \$15,722,492
Total her assets						

Changes in Net Assets June 30, 2005 and 2004

June 30, 2005 and 2004	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-type	e Activities	Tot	
-	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenues:		· ·				
Program revenues:		0 014000	¢ 4 057 975	\$3,961,013	\$ 4,340,989	\$ 4,275,099
Charges for services	\$ 283,114	\$ 314,086	\$ 4,057,875	55,501,015	635,406	251.807
Operating grants and contributions	635,406	251,807	151,404	115,288	234,014	216,825
Capital grants and contributions	82,610	101,537	151,404	113,200	254,014	210,025
General revenues:		025 174		_	236,276	235,174
Property taxes	236,276	235,174	-	_	1,203,206	1,123,830
Other taxes	1,203,206	1,123,830	17,206	6,470	69,612	30,139
Unrestricted investment earnings	52,406	23,669	60.398	0,470	518,107	256,877
Miscellaneous	457,709	256,877	4,286,883	4.082,771	7,237,610	6.389.751
Total revenues	2,950,727	2,306,980	4,260,663	4.082,771	7,257,010	0.500,1.51
Expenses:					(0(0(0	577. 510
General government	606,860	576,513	-	-	606,860	576,513
Public safety	474,523	499,687	-	-	474,523	499,687
Highways and public improvements	670,771	690,814	-	-	670,771	690,814
Cemetery	100,412	63,199	-	-	100,412	63,199
Parks and recreation	453,805	227,396	•	-	453,805	227,396
Community and economic development	29,481	186,733	-	- -	29,481	186,733
Operating expenses (business type)	-	-	3,455,948	2,893,471	3,455,948	2,893,471
Interest expense	(3,018)	90,73 7	93,164	102,904	90,146	193,641
Total expenses	2,332,834	2,335,079	3,549,112	2,996,375	5,881,946	5,331,454
Increase in net assets before transfers	617,893	(28,099)	737,771	1,086,396	1,355,664	1,058,297
Transfers	11,800	11,800	(11,800)	(11,800)	1055 664	1.058.207
Increase in net assets	629,693	(16,299)	725,971	1,074,596	1,355,664	1,058,297
Net assets - beginning	7,316,701	7,333,000	8,405,791	7,331,195	15,722,492	14.664.195
Prior period adjustment	(231,119)		231,119		017.070.127	E1 5 722 402
Net assets - ending	\$7,715,275	\$7,316.701	\$ 9,362.881	\$8,405,791	\$17,078,156	\$15,722,492
1400 mpace arrange						

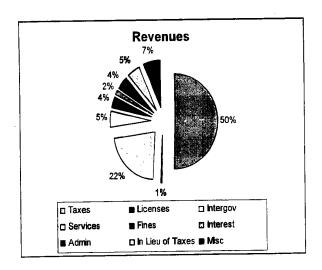
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

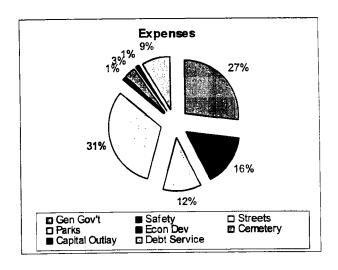
The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of June 30, 2005 the City's governmental funds (General, Capital Projects, Special Revenue and Permanent Fund) reported combined fund equity of \$817,201. This represents a increase of \$225,155 from last year's ending balances, most of which arrive from the increase of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund most of which arrived from debt proceeds for the ambulance building.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. All activities which are not required to be accounted for in separate funds, either by state or local ordinance or by a desire to maintain a matching of revenues and expenses, are accounted for in this fund.

Taxes continue to be a large source of revenue in the Governmental Funds and represent 50.24% of total general fund revenues. The largest element of taxes is sales tax, as it has been for the last several years. It represents 61.8% of total tax revenues and represents 31.07% of total general fund revenues.





As stated earlier, the City maintains several enterprise funds to account for the business-type activities of the City. The separate fund statements included in this report provide the same information for business-type activities as is provided in the government-wide financial statements. However, the difference is that the fund statements provide much more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, the General Fund original budget was amended from an original budget expenditure total of \$3,187,609 to a final budget of \$3,324,460.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets - Ephraim City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2005 amounts to \$19,769,347 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Major capital asset events during this fiscal year included the following:

Police Vehicle	\$26,250	Ball Park Lights	\$223,430
Cemetery Gazebo	\$35,636	Ambulance Building	\$17,400
Vacuum Truck	\$105,000	Airport Project	\$418,534

Long-term debt - At June 30, 2005 the City had total debt outstanding of \$6,895,581. Of this amount, \$467,267 is due within 12 months of the fiscal year. However, we paid off \$532,817 before December 31, 2005.

Additional information on the outstanding debt obligations of the City can be found in the footnotes to this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The unemployment rate for Sanpete County is 5.8% compared with a state unemployment rate of 4.0% and a national rate of 5.0%. Juab County's rate in 2003 was 7.4% (Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services).

The General Fund budget for fiscal year ending June 30, 2005 reflects an increase of 14% over the final budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The largest part of this increase is due to the following items:

Ball Park Light Project	\$185,000
Sports Complex Operation Agreement	20,000
Library Renovation	100,000
Cemetery Gazebo	34,000
Building Authority Transfer to Increase Equity	<u>78,181</u>
Total Increase	<u>\$417,181</u>

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Ephraim City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: City Recorder, Ephraim City, 5 South Main, Ephraim, Utah 84627.



Ephraim City Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

			Prima	ry Governme	ent	
		ernmental	Bu	siness-type		
	A	ctivities		Activities		Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	406, 00 5	\$	1, 85 9,8 3 6	\$	2,265,841
Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful account	ts):					•
Trade accounts		577, 88 6		385,682		963,568
Other		78,177		8,205		86,382
Inventory		-		249,934		249,934
Internal balances		(129,762)		129,762		
Restricted Assets:		,		ŕ		
Cash and cash equivalents		478,736		961,756		1,440,492
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		•		,		.,,
Land		225,259		320,845		546,104
Buil ding s	;	3,063,334		-		3,063,334
Improvements other than buildings		797,040		7,456,199		8,253,239
Equipment		409,238		712,510		1,121,748
Water rights		-		89,300		89,300
Impact fee assets		_		50,450		50,450
Infrastructure	(6,645,172		-		6,645,172
Total Assets		2,551,085		12,224,479		24,775,564
						21,110,004
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		390,228		131,908		522,136
Accrued liabilities		122,550		-		122,550
Compensated absences		42,050		34,027		76,077
Deferred revenue		81,063		-		81,063
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due within one year		256,747		210,520		467,267
Due in more than one year		3,943,172		2,485,143		6,428,315
Total Liabilities		4,835,810		2,861,598		7,697,408
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	7,196,871		6,277,125		12 472 006
Restricted for:	,	1,130,071		0,2!1,120		13,473,996
Redevelopment agency		(158,165)				(459.465)
Perpetual care		221,113		-		(158,165)
Bond requirements		221,113		200 540		221,113
Impact fees		152 200		308,549		308,549
Inventory		153, 38 9		591,000		744,389
Unrestricted		202.067		249,934		249,934
Total net assets	<u> </u>	302,067	-	1,936,273	_	2,238,340
toral lier assers	\$ 7	7,715,275	<u>\$</u>	9,362,881	\$	17,078,156

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005 Statement of Activities **Ephraim** City

Governmental Activities: General government Public safety

Primary Government:

Function/Programs

			Program Revenues	les	Net (Expense)	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changa in Not Access		Not A
		9	Operating	Capital	()	Primary Government	20 1 2 20 1 2	Net Assets
unction/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:								B
General government Dublic cofets	\$ 606,860	\$ 120,031	\$ 10,500	\$ 17,470	\$ (458.859)	¥	6	010
Highways and public impressions	474,523	115,932	33,017	11,848		•	9	(458,859)
rigitways and public improvements Cemetery	670,771	•	156,166	33,852	(480,753)	• •		(313,726)
Darke recreation and mitting	100,412		•	•	(100,412)	1		(400,733)
Community and economic descrip-	453,805	47,151	435,723	19,440	48.509			(100,412)
Interest	29,481	•	•	•	(29,481)			40°,00°
Total Governmental Activities	(3,018)	200 444	,		3,018			3.018
	2,332,034	283,114	635,406	82,610	(1,331,704)			(1.331 704)
Susiness-type Activities:								120,120,1
Water	436,749	410.101	,	407 202		•		
Sewer	343.296	354 345	1	260,101	•	80,744		80,744
Electric	2,092,295	2 567 482	1	710,44	1	55,061		55,061
Housing authority	403 084	476 152	r	1	1	475,187		475,187
Solid waste	115,603	127,132	•	•	•	73,068		73,068
Fire district	58,004	40.044	•	•	•	11,419		11 419
Industrial park	100,00	40,914		ı	1	(7,087)		(7.087)
Rodeo grounds	000	•	•		•	•		((-)
Ambulance	0,993	72 050		•	•	(6,993)		(6 993)
Total Business-type Activities	2 540 442	500.57			-	(21.232)		(21 232)
	\$5.881.048	4,057,875	1	1		660,167		660,167
	04.00,00	94,340,989	5 635,406	\$ 234,014	(1,331,704)	660,167		(671.537)
			İ					1,001
	General Revenues:	nes:						
	Property taxes	S			236,276	•		236 276
	Sales laxes				890,361	,		890.361
	Office for	xex			287,845			287.845
	Ourier taxes	•			25,000	•		25,75
	Onrestricted	Unrestricted investment earnings	nings		52.406	17 206		60,640
	Administrative costs	e costs			126.688	20-1		10,60
	In lieu of taxes	Se Se			138 470	•		120,088
	Miscellaneous	s			100,470	. 00		138,470
	Transfers				192,331	965,00		252,949
	Total Gene	Total General Revenues and Transfers	nd Transfere	1	008,11	(11,800)		
	Change ir	Change in Net Assets		ı	786,1397	65,804		2,027,201
	Net Assets - Beginning	ainnina			629,633	725,971		1,355,664
	Prior Period Adjustment	iustment		ı	7,376,701	8,405,791	7	5,722,492
	Net Assets - Ending	ding		r	ľ	1		
		, 1		" II	\$ 7,715,275	!!	\$	17,078,156

Total Primary Government

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an Integral Part of this Statement.

Ephraim City Balance Sheet Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		General Fund	Capital Projects	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total ove rnmental Funds
ASSETS			 		-		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	397,101	\$ 8,904	\$	-	\$	406,005
Accounts Receivable:							
Trade accounts (net of allowance)		577,886	-		-		577,886
Other		9,302			68, 87 5		78,177
Due from other funds		15,126	-		6,235		21,361
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		_	256,177		222,559		478,736
Total Assets	\$	999,415	\$ 265,081	\$	297, 66 9	\$	1,562,165
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	390,228	\$ -	\$	_	\$	390,228
Accrued liabilities		53,844	66 ,171		2,535		122,550
Due to other funds		-	-		151,123		151,123
Defered revenue		_	_		81,063		81,063
Total Liabilities		444,072	66,171		234,721		744,964
Fund Balances: Reserved for:							
Redevelopment agency		_	-		(158,165)		(158,165)
Perpetual care		_	_		221,113		221,113
Impact fees		153,389	_				153,389
Designated for:		100,000					.00,000
Debt service		150,000	_		_		150,000
Capital projects		-	198,910		_		198,910
Airport		59,643	-		_		59,643
Undesignated		192,311	_		_		192,311
Total Fund Balances		555,343	 198,910		62,948		817,201
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	999,415	\$ 265,081	-\$	297, 66 9	\$	1,562,165
TOTAL EIGENITION AND THE DUISHIOCO	===	300, 0	 			====	.,002,100

Ephraim City Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2005

Total fund balances - governmental fund types (page 5):

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

11,140,043

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

(4,241,969)

Net assets of government activities (page 3):

\$ 7,715,275

Ephraim City Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	f 4 44 4 400	•	Ф 05 000	0 4 400 400
Taxes	\$ 1,414,482	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,439,482
Licenses and permits	20,090	-	-	20,090
Intergovernmental revenues	635,406	•	40.704	635,406
Charges for services	106,376	-	49,704	156,080
Fines and forfeitures	106,944	-	-	106,944
Interest income	46,912	2,545	76	49,533
Administration	126,688	•	-	126,688
In lieu of taxes	138,470	-		138,470
Miscellaneous	186,301	-	6,250	192,551
Total Revenues	2,781,669	2,545	81,030	2,865,244
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	753,63 0	-	-	753,630
Public safety	439,532	•	-	43 9,532
Highways and public improvements	335,094	•	-	335,094
Parks, recreation, and public property	881 ,88 7	-	•	88 1,887
Community and economic development	15,402	-	10, 45 5	25,857
Cemetery	94,961	-	-	94 ,961
Capital outlay	-	31,272	-	31,272
Debt Service:				
P rin cipal	-	166,769	75,516	242 ,285
Interest		(1,588)	(1,430)	(3,018)
Total Expenditures	2,520,506	196,453	84,541	2,801,500
Excess Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	261,163	(193,908)	(3,511)	63,744
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		·		
Transfers in	13,000	329,876	_	342,876
Transfers out	(282,627)	-	(48,449)	(331,076)
Loan/Lease proceeds	-	141,000	-	141,000
Impact fees	82,61 0	,	-	8 2,610
Interest income	-	_	2,873	2,873
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(187,017)	470,876	(45,576)	238,283
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources				
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	74,146	276,968	(49,087)	302,027
Fund Balances - Beginning	5 45,0 68	(78,058)	112, 03 5	579 ,045
Prior Period Adjustment	(63,871)	-	-	(63,871)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 555,343	\$ 198,910	\$ 62,948	\$ 817,201

Ephraim City

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 7):	\$ 302,027
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	234,936
Governmental funds report the issuance of debt as an other financing source in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Likewise, discounts on debt are treated as an other financing use and issuance costs (including underwriter's discounts) are treated as an expenditure in that same statement. In contrast, all of these amounts should appear on the government-wide statement of net assets as a liability (debt payable) a contra-liablity (discount), and a deferred charge (unamortized issuance costs).	(141,000)
Debt service principal payments are reported separately in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. These expenditures must be removed and replaced by a corresponding reduction in the related liability reported in the government-wide statement of net assets.	242,285
Expenditures are recognized in the governmental funds when paid or due for: items not normally paid with available financial resources and interest on long term debt. However, the Statement of Activities is presented on the accrual basis and expenses and liabilities are reported when incurred, regardless of when financial resources are available or expenditures are paid or due. This adjustment combines the net changes of the	
following balances: Compensated Absences	(8,555)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 4):	\$ 629,693

Ephraim City Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgeted :	Amou	nts			W	ariance rith Final
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Budget er(Under)
REVENUES	_		_	4 000 500	_	4 444 400		
Taxes	\$	1,258,500	\$	1,309,500	\$	1,414,482	\$	104,982
Licenses and permits		20,500		20,500		20,090		(410)
Intergovernmental revenues		921,100		933,100		635,406		(297,694)
Charges for services		21,100		16,600		106,376		89,776
Fines and forfeitures		100,000		111,000		106,944		(4,056)
Interest income		8,000		8,000		46,912		38,912
Administrative		310,158		1 26 ,688		126, 688		-
In lieu of taxes		51, 000		138 ,470		138,470		-
Miscellaneous		179,082		179,082		186,301		7,219
Total Revenues		2,869,440		2,842,940		2,781,669		(61,271)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		922,3 2 5		1, 012 ,176		753,6 30		(258,546)
Public safety		423,954		448 ,954		439,5 32		(9,422)
Highways and public improvements		398,153		398 ,153		335,094		(63,059)
Cemetery		91,5 60		96 ,060		94, 96 1		(1,099)
Airport		504, 000		504 ,000		419,951		(84,049)
Parks, recreation, and public property		563, 990		563,990		461,9 36		(102,054)
Community and economic development		18,500		18,500		15, 402		(3,098)
Total Expenditures		2,922,482		3,041,833		2,520,506		(521,327)
Excess Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(53,042)		(198,893)		261,163		460,056
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		13, 000		386,520		13,000		(373,520)
Transfers out		(265,127)		(282,627)		(282,627)		- '
Impact fees		50,000		95,000		82,610		(12,390)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		(202,127)		198,893	_	(187,01 7)		(385,910)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources		(DEC 400)				74.440		74 440
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		(255,169)		-		74,146		74,146
Fund Balances - Beginning		545,068		545,068		545,068		
Prior Period Adjustment	\$	289,899	\$	545,068	\$	(63,871) 5 55, 343	\$	74,146
Fund Balances - Ending	<u> </u>	203,039	Ψ	J4J,000	-	333,343	Ψ	74,140

Ephraim City Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
				Housing	Other	
	Water	Sewer	Electric	Authority	Proprietary	Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 165,478	\$ 207,441	\$ 1,123,701	\$ 241,352	\$ 121,864	\$ 1,859,836
Accounts Receivable:						
Utilities receivable	53, 647	67,2 89	229,615	18,818	19,850	38 9,219
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(340)	(248)	(2,779)	•	(170)	(3,537)
Other receivables	5, 656	-	-	-	2,549	8,205
Inventory - at cost	37,680	7,710	10 5,0 44	9 9,50 0	-	249,934
Due from other funds	15, 36 8	18,435	91,006	10,461	4,559	139,829
Restricted Assets						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	410,822	266,892	284,042		-	961,756
Total Current Assets	688,311	567,519	1,830,629	370,131	148,652	3,605,242
FIXED ASSETS						
Land	2,000	318,8 45	-	-	-	320,845
Improvements other than buildings	3,340,340	2,66 8,51 8	5,68 5,611	-	142,187	11,836,656
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,345,071)	(640,659)	(2,391,567)	-	(3,160)	(4,380,457)
Machinery and equipment	519,403	251,129	814,096	-	307,448	1,892,076
Less: accumulated depreciation	(382,464)	(147,530)	(517,992)	_	(131,580)	(1,179,566)
Water rights	89,300		-	-	-	89,300
Impact fee assets	50,450	-	•	-	-	50,450
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,273,958	2,450,303	3,590,148	-	314,895	8,629,304
Total Assets	2,962,269	3,017,822	5,420,777	370,131	463,547	12,234,546
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	42,957	33,524	40,135	11,619	3,673	131,908
Compensated absences	14,835	1,360	17,832	-	-	34,027
Due to other funds	_	· <u>-</u>	-	10,067	-	10,067
Current portion of capital leases payable	34,766	-	-	-	-	34,766
Current portion of bonds payable	59,152	104,000	-	12,602	-	175,754
Total Current Liabilities	151,710	138,884	57,967	34,288	3,673	386,522
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Capital lease payable	_	-	_	-	-	=
Bonds payable	714, 06 5	1,698,295	-	72,783	-	2,485,143
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	714,065	1,698,295		72,783		2,485,143
Total Liabilities	865,775	1,837,179	57,9 67	107,071	3,673	2,871,665
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,467,981	682,266	3,811,983	_	314,895	6,277,125
Retained Earnings	-,,		• •		-	. ,
Restricted for:						
Bond requirements	52, 45 6	34,258	221,835	-	-	308,549
Impact fees	358,366	232,634	- ·	-	-	591,000
Inventory	37,680	7,710	105,044	99,500	-	249,934
Unreserved	180,011	223,775	1,223,948	163,560		1,936,273
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,096,494	\$1,180,643	\$ 5,362,810	\$ 263,060		\$ 9,362,881

Ephraim City Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Housing Other Proprietary Total Electric Authority Water Sewer Operating Revenues: 476,152 249.795 \$ 4.057.875 410,101 354,345 2,567,482 Charges for sales and services 10.086 150 10,177 60.398 34,100 Miscellaneous 5,885 476,302 259,972 4,118,273 **388**,445 2,577,568 **Total Operating Revenues** 415,986 **Operating Expenses:** 6,533 380,692 90,414 82,163 201,582 Salaries and wages 158,321 89,639 38,607 30,075 Employee benefits 1,257,176 1,257,176 Power purchases 4.497 124.688 91.937 13,163 Administrative costs 15,091 147,283 34,213 358,504 19.045 123,877 34,086 Materials and supplies 12,488 14,176 10,987 37,083 74,734 Repairs and maintenance 15,015 420,098 69,022 173,205 162,856 Depreciation 23,315 138,470 33,313 31,008 50,834 Service in lieu of taxes 7,488 4.542 1,070 30,495 7,553 9,842 Insurance 54,900 343.638 35,230 248,344 4,530 634 Professional services 422 7,690 4,741 1.243 Utilities and telephone 1,284 3,940 5,726 13,340 1,345 2,329 Travel and training 38,659 38,659 Landfill costs 1,700 5,100 1,700 1,700 Leases 71,358 71,358 Collection costs <u>5,</u>914 32,985 12,240 1.400 9,195 4,236 Miscellaneous 401.991 273.688 3,455,948 415,134 274,463 2,090,672 **Total Operating Expenses** (13,716)486,896 74,311 662,325 113,982 Operating Income 852 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): 17,206 2,509 344 4,878 1.493 7,982 Interest revenue (93,164)(1,623)(1,093)(21,615)(68,833)Interest expense 151.404 107,392 44,012 Impact fees 1,416 344 75.446 (130)93,759 (19,943)Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (11,800)(11,800) Operating transfers out (11,800)(11,800)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 725,971 486.766 75,727 (25, 172)94,611 94,039 Net Income (Loss) 75,727 (25, 172)725,971 94,039 486,766 Change in Net Assets 94,611 4,876,044 187,333 253,927 8,405,791 1,086,604 2,001,883 Total Net Assets - Beginning 231,119 231,119 Prior Period Adjustment 459,874 \$ 9,362,881 263.060 \$ 1,180,643 5,362,810 \$ 2,096,494 Total Net Assets - Ending

Ephraim City Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	Busine		Housing				Other				
	Wa	iter	;	Sewer		Electric		uthority	Proprietary		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities											
Receipts from customers	\$ 44	46 ,546	\$	431,169	\$	2,739,065	\$	500,638	\$ 314,084	\$	4,431,502
Other cash receipts		5,885		34,100		10, 08 6		150	. 10,177		60,398
Payments to suppliers	(1:	33,366)		(149,022)		(1,670,118)		(464 ,36 5)	(349,358)	(2,766,229)
Payments to employees	(12	29,021)		(112,238)		(291,221)			(6,533)		(539,013)
Net cash provided (used) by											
operating activities	19	90,044		204,009		787,812		36,423	(31,630)		1,186,658
Cash Flows From Non-Capital and Related											
Financing Activities											
Operating transfers out		•							(11,800)		(11,800)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital											
and related financing activities					_			<u> </u>	(11,800)		(11,800)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related											
Financing Activities											
Purchases of capital assets	(31,333)		(105,001)		(15,000)		-	-		(151,334)
Principal paid on capital debt	•	93,046)		(101,000)		(32,446)		(3,053)	-		(229,545)
Collection of impact fees	•	07,392		44,012					-		151,404
Interest paid on capital debt		21,615)		(68,833)		(1,623)		(1,093)	_		(93,164)
Net cash provided (used) by capital											
and related financing activities	t	38,602)		(230,822)		(49,069)		(4,146)	-		(322,639)
and related iniarious activities					_						
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		=		4.070		4.402		2 500			46.000
Interest and dividends received		7,982		4,878	_	1,493		2,509			16,862
Net cash provided (used) by				4.070		4 400		0.500			40.000
investing activities		7,982		4,878	_	1,493		2,509	<u> </u>		16,862
Net increase (decrease) in cash and											
cash equivalents		59,424		(21,935)		740,236		34,786	(43,430)		869,081
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		16,876		496,268	_	667,507		206,566	165,294		1,952,511
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 5	76,300	\$	474,333	_\$	1,407,743	_\$_	241,352	\$ 121,864	\$	2,821,592
Reconciliation of operating income to											
net cash provided (used) by operating											
activities:											
Operating income	\$	852	\$	113,982	\$	486,896	\$	74,311	\$ (13,716)	\$	662,325
Adjustments to reconcile operating					_						
income to net cash provided (used) by											
operating activities:											
Depreciation expense	1	62,856		69,022		173,205		-	1 5,015		420,098
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		32,227		54,388		169,933		9,235	50,068		315,851
(Increase) decrease in due from/to other funds		4,218		22,436		1,650		15,251	14,221		57,776
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(2,687)		79		40,681		(68,700)	-		(30,627)
Increase (decrease) in utility deposits		-, -, -,		-		•			-		- ′
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(7,422)		(55,898)		(84,553)		6,326	(97,218)		(238,765)
Total adjustments		89,192		90,027		300,916		(37,888)	(17,914)	_	524,333
Net cash provided (used) by							_	00.400	0 (0) 000	_	4 400 000
operating activities	<u>\$</u> _1	190,044	<u>\$</u>	204,009	- =	787,812		36,423	\$ (31,630)	<u>\$</u>	1,186,658

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. For enterprise funds, GASB Statement Nos. 20 and 34 provide the City the option of electing to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. The City has elected not to apply those pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the City has implemented the new financial reporting requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 33 and 34. As a result, an entirely new financial presentation format has been implemented.

1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Ephraim City is a political subdivision of the State of Utah. The City is governed by a mayor and an elected board of five council members. The financial statements of Ephraim City may include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or are dependent on the City. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of financial interdependence, selection of governing authority, designation of management ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. Using these criteria no potential component units are included in the City's financial statements.

The accounting policies of Ephraim City, Utah, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant of such policies.

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government:

City of Ephraim

Component Units:

None

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type

activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Project Fund

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes only one Capital Project Fund and it is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets with transfers made from the General Fund.

Permanent Fund

The Permanent Fund accounts for assets held by the City pursuant to a trust agreement. The principle portion of this fund type must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the water, sewer, solid waste and electric funds.

Major and Non-major Funds

The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows:

Fund

Brief Description

Major:

General

Capital Projects Fund

Enterprise Funds:

Water, Sewer, Electric, and

Housing Authority

See above for description.
See above for description.

Accounts for revenues and expenditures of water, sewer and electric utilities, and

housing authority.

Nonmajor:

Special Revenue Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Redevelopment Agency Special Assessment Guarantee

Enterprise Funds:

Solid Waste Fund, Fire District, Industrial Park, Rodeo Grounds, and the Ambulance Fund.

Permanent Fund:

Accounts for revenues and expenditures of each respective fund.

The Permanent Fund accounts for assets held by the City pursuant to a trust agreement. The principle portion of this fund type must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

Cemetery - Perpetual Care

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.
- c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures

(including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Assets, "cash, including time deposits" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Investments of the promissory note trustee accounts are not considered cash equivalents.

Investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Notes 2.B. and 3.A.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets. See Note 3.G. for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include; property taxes, sales taxes, water, sewer and garbage utilities, resort community taxes, and class "C" road funds. Business-type activities report utilities as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be

considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Fixed Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives			
Buildings and Improvements	30-45 years	30-45 years			
Machinery and Equipment	10-15 years	10-15 years			
Vehicles	5-10 years	5-10 years			

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of various cash balances that are restricted as to their use. Certain cash balances are restricted by provisions of the bond resolutions. These include the bond, and emergency repairs accounts in the enterprise funds. Customer deposits are

also restricted in the enterprise funds. Class C Road revenue not spent is restricted in the general fund to be used for future roadwork and funds are held for the fire department to be used for future expenditures.

Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable, capital leases payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principle and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt—Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets—Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets—All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements. See Note 3.H. for additional disclosures.

1.E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Property taxes are based on the assessments against property owners. Tax levies on such assessed values are certified to Sanpete County prior to the commencement of the fiscal year. Property taxes become a lien on January 1 and are levied on the first Monday in August. Taxes are due and payable on November 1, and are delinquent after November 30 of each year. Property taxes are collected by the Utah County Treasurer and remitted to the City shortly after collection.

Sales taxes are collected by the Utah State Tax Commission and are remitted to the City monthly.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds—By Character:

Current (further classified by function)
Debt Service
Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund—By Operating and Non-operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows.

2.A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

The City complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include the following:

Fund

Required By

Perpetual Care

State Law

2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the City funds. Deposits are not collateralized, nor are they required to be by State statute.

The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated 1953, Section 51, Chapter 7) in handling its depository and temporary investment transactions. This law requires the deposit of City funds in a "qualified depository." The Act defines a "qualified depository" as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

The Utah Money Management Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate temporary investments for the City and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories or primary reporting dealers.

Certain assets are restricted by provisions of the revenue bond resolutions. The resolutions also describe how these restricted assets may be deposited and invested. Restricted cash may only be deposited in state or national banks meeting certain minimum net worth requirements or invested in securities representing direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government, agencies of the U.S. government, any state within the territorial United States of America, repurchase agreements or interest bearing time deposits with state or national banks meeting certain minimum net worth requirements, or certain other investments.

The City's investments are categorized as follows to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker's or dealers trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by its trust department or agency, but not in the City's name. The City currently has no investments that are required to be categorized.

The Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF) is an external deposit and investment pool wherein governmental entities are able to pool the moneys from several entities to improve investment efficiency and yield. These moneys are invested primarily in money market securities and contain no withdrawal restrictions. As such, the moneys invested in this fund are not insured and are subject to the same market risks as any similar investment in money market funds.

2.C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source
Sales Tax
Water, Sewer and
Housing Authority
B & C Road Funds
Federal and State Grants

<u>Legal Restrictions of Use</u> See Note 1.E.

Debt Service and Utility Operations Eligible B & C Roads Specific to Grant

For the year ended June 30, 2005, the City complied, in all material respects, with these revenue restrictions.

2.D. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS

General Obligation Debt

No debt in excess of total revenue for the current year shall be created by any city unless the proposition to create such debt shall have been submitted to a vote of qualified electors. Cities shall not contract for debt to an amount exceeding four percent of the fair market value of taxable property in their jurisdictions. For the year ended June 30, 2005, the City had \$4,241,969 of outstanding general obligation debt.

Other Long-term Debt

Cities may incur a larger indebtedness for the purpose of supplying such city water, sewer, or electricity when such public works are owned and controlled by the municipality. The additional indebtedness shall not exceed four percent for first and second class cities and eight percent for third class cities. For the year ended June 30, 2005, the City had \$2,729,690 of such indebtedness.

Notes and Bonds Payable

The various loan agreements relating to the notes payable issuances contain some restrictions or covenants that are financial related. These include covenants such as debt service coverage requirement and required reserve account balances. The following schedule presents a brief summary of the most significant requirements and the Authority's level of compliance thereon as of June 30, 2005.

Requirement

Level of Compliance

a. Bonds Payable Coverage:

Net water operating revenues (excluding depreciation) must equal 1.25 times the annual debt service plus the unfunded portion of the Debt Service Reserve Requirement to be due and payable for the forthcoming year on the 1991 Water Revenue Bonds, Series A,B & C and Series 1995.

b. Reserve Account Requirement:

Various escrows are set up as reserves to make the annual debt payments. Minimum balances are required to be kept in each of the escrows.

2.E. FUND EQUITY RESTRICTIONS

Deficit Prohibition

Utah Code 10-6-116(4) indicates the only the "fund balance in excess of 5% of total revenues of the general fund may be utilized for budget purposes." The remaining 5% must be maintained as a minimum fund balance. The maximum in the general fund may not exceed 18% of the total estimated revenue of the general fund. (10-6-116(2)) The City was within the limitations allowed by law.

The following funds carried a negative fund balance or retained earnings as of June 30, 2005:

Redevelopment Agency Fund

Amount 158,165

2.F. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

3.A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

As of June 30, 2004 and 2005, deposits with banks totaled \$2,970,176 and \$2,649,878 respectively. The carrying amount on the City's books was \$2,598,332 and \$2,664,118 respectively. These deposits were covered by Federal Depository Insurance up to \$200,000. These deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by State Statute.

Investments

The City has investments with the Utah Public Treasurers' Fund (PTIF) which are not subject to categorization. The carrying amount and market value of the investments at June 30, 2004 and 2005 were \$1,029,174 and \$987,758 respectively.

The City's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note 1.E. The table presented below is designed to disclose the level of custody credit risk assumed by the City based upon how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at June 30, 2005. The categories of credit risk are defined as follows:

Category 1—Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the City (or public trust) or by its agent in its name

Category 2—Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name

Category 3—Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name; or collateralized with no written or approved collateral agreement.

The City currently has no investments that are required to be categorized. Investments not subject to categorization at June 30, 2005, were as follows:

Investments in Utah State Treasurers' Investment Fund \$ 987,758

Reconciliation to Government-wide Statement of Net Assets:

Deport Per Statement of Net Assets: Unre	Investments Deposits		\$ 9 87, 758 2,718,575
	2 op our	Total	\$ 3,706,333
	Unrestricted Cash Restricted Cash		\$ 2,265,841 1,440,492
	1100	Total	\$ 3,706,333

3.B. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The restricted assets as of June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Type of Restricted Asset	Cash/Time Deposits	Investments	Accrued Int.	Total
Business-Type Activities: Bond Requirements Impact Fees Inventory Total	308,549 591,000 349,934 1,249,483			308,549 591,000 349,934 1,249,483
Governmental Activities: Redevelopment Agency Impact Fees Perpetual Care Total Grand Totals	(158,165) 153,389 221,113 216,337 \$ 1,465.820	<u> </u>	- \$	(158,165) 153,389 221,113 216,337 \$ 1,465,820

3.C. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable for the business-type activities consist of utilities receivable from the water and sewer utilities. Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consists of electric utilities, sewer utilities, water utilities, other utilities and other receivables. Receivables detail at June 30, 2005, is as follows:

	C	overnmental Activities	Ви	siness-Type Activities		Total
Accounts Receivable	- \$	577,886	\$	398,095	\$	975,981
Special Assessments		68,875		-		68,875
Other		9,302		-		9,302
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		-		(4,208)		(4,208)
Net Accounts Receivable	\$	656,063	\$	393,887	_\$_	1,049,950

3.D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

Capital asset activity for	Balance at July 1, 2004		Additions					Disposals		ance at 2005
Governmental Activities: Land Impact Fees - Street Facilities Buildings Improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals at historical cost	\$	205,159 20,100 3,606,738 278,886 893,567 9,970,490 14,974,940	\$ 	53,106 652,890 30,015 - 736,011	\$	(159,252)	\$ 	205,159 20,100 3,659,844 931,776 764,330 9,970,490 15,551,699		
Less Accum. Depreciation Buildings Improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total Accum. Depreciation Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$	(506,942) (120,476) (282,188) (2,992,969) (3,902,575) 11,072,365	<u> </u>	(89,568) (14,260) (72,904) (332,349) (509,081)	<u>\$</u>	- - - - - - -		(596,510) (134,736) (355,092) (3,325,318) (4,411,656) 11,140,043		
Business-type activities: Land Other Improvements Machinery and equipment Water Rights Impact fee assets Totals at historical cost	\$	320,845 11,816,703 1,782,028 89,300 29,117 14,037,993	\$	19,953 110,048 - 21,333 151,334	\$	- - - -	\$	320,845 11,836,656 1,892,076 89,300 50,450 14,189,327		
Less Accum. Depreciation Other Improvements Machinery and equipment Total Accum. Depreciaiton Business-type activities capital assets, net		(4,129,145) (969,109) (5,098,254) 8,939,739	 	(251,312) (210,457) (461,769) (310,435)		- -		(4,380,457) (1,179,566) (5,560,023) 8,629,304		

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

	\$ 110,491
General government	52,461
Public safety	1,377
Highways and public improvements	335,677
Parks and recereation	3,624
Community & Economic Development	5,451
Cemetery Total depreciation expense	\$ 509,081
10ttal wolf-	

3.E. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Payables in the general fund are composed of general operating expenses.

3.F. LONG-TERM DEBT

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Governmental Activities: As of June 30, 2005, the City had \$4,241,969 in governmental le Bonds Payable	ong-t	erm debt.
Street Bonds Payable, Series 1996 Original Principal \$2,000,000 @ 3% - 5% RDA SID Bonds, Series 1998	\$	1,373,771
Original Principal \$619,000 @ 5.2% Public Safety Bonds, Series 2000 Original Principal \$670,000 @ 2.5%		117,000 583,000
City Office Notes, Series 2001 Original Principal \$1,925,000 @ 3.85%		1,851,148
Building Authority, Series 1993 Original Principal \$256,500 @ 3% Building Authority, Series 2005		134,000 141,000
Original Principal \$141,000 @ 0%		4,199,919
Compensated Absences Total General Long-Term Debt	\$	4,241,969

Business-type Activities:

As of June 30, 2005, the long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Notes Payable & Revenue Bonds:		
1993 Sewer Bond - Series B		
Original Principal \$1,307,000 @ 0.0%		\$ 340,000
Water Revenue Bonds, Series 1991		
Original Principal \$940,000 @ 0.0%		433,217
1993 Sewer Bond - Series D		
Original Principal \$509,200 @ 5.45%		99,600
1993 Sewer Bond - Series C		
Original Principal \$333,000 @ 5.45%		1,702,695
2003 Zions Line of Credit		
Original Principal \$174,097 @ 0%		 85,385
	Total notes & revenue bonds	 2,660,897
Capital Leases:		
Zions Bank - Meters		
Original Principal \$131,000 @ 4.13%		 34,766
	Total capital leases	34,766
Compensated Absences		34,027
•	Total Long-term debt	\$ 2,729,690

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2005:

	Balance			Balance
Type of Debt	July 1, 2004	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2005
Governmental Activities:				
Compensated Absences	\$ 33,495	\$ 8,555	\$ -	\$ 42,050
Bonds Payable	4,314,771	141,000	(255,852)	4,199,919
Total Governmental Debt	\$ 4,348,266	\$ 149,555	\$(255,852)	\$ 4,241,969
Business-type Activities:				
Compensated Absences	29,563	4, 464	-	34,027
Revenue Bonds Payable	2,824,613	-	(163,716)	2,660,897
Capital Leases Payable	100,595		(65,829)	34,766
Total Business-type Debt	\$ 2,954,771	\$ 4,464	\$(229,545)	\$ 2,729,690

The revenue bonds are payable only from the net revenues of the water, and sewer systems, as defined in the bond ordinances. The ordinances further provide that the City establish certain accounts and reserves for bond payment and that all revenues of the system are to be used for operation and maintenance costs of the systems, principal and

interest on the bonds, and establishment of the defined debt repayment reserves and capital facilities replacement account.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of June 30, 2005, are as follows:

June 30	Capital Leases Business-type				
2006	\$	34,764			
2007		-			
2008		-			
2009		-			
2010		-			
Thereafter		-			
Total commitment	<u>—</u> .	34,764			
Less Interest Portion		2,200			
Net Capital Leases	\$	32,564			

Notes & Bonds Payable

Governmental

est
6,895
3,085
5,542
0,273
4,828
8,724
6,8 56
0,322
4,594
2,906
4,025
2 1 2 2 2 3 3 3

Business-Type

3.G. INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Operating Transfers

The City had the following inter-fund transactions for the year ended June 30, 2005.

		Transfer to	Transfer from			
Transfer to Airport	\$	12,000				
Transfer to Building Authority		312,376				
Transfer to B.A. Impact Fees		17,500				
Transfer to General Fund		1,000				
Transfer from General Fund		•		282,627		
Transfer from Cemetery				1,000		
Transfer from Special Assessments				47,449		
Transer from Fire District				11,800		
	\$	342,876	\$	342,876		
Due to Due From	Ī	ue To		Due From		
General	\$	-	\$	11,037		
Industrial Park		-		1,432.00		
Redevelopment Agency		151,121.00		-		
Building Authority		10,067.40		-		
Water Fund		-		15,368.00		
Sewer Fund		-		18,435.00		
Electric Fund		-		91,006.00		
Garbage Fund		-		2,223.00		
Fire District		-		584.00		
Housing Authority		-		10,461.00		
Rodeo Grounds - Capital Projects		-		320.00		
Airport		-		4,089.00		
Cemetery		-		6,235.00		
Special Assessment Guarantee		2.00		-		
	· _\$	161,190	\$	161,190		

3.H. FUND EQUITY

Restricted Fund Equity

• •		overnment Activities	siness-Type Activites	Totals		
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	7,196,871	\$ 6,277,125	\$	13,473,996	
Restricted for:						
Redevelopment agency		(158,165)	-		(158,165)	
Special assessment guarantee		-	-		-	
Perpetual care		221,113	-		221,113	
Bond Requirements		-	3 08,5 49		308,549	
Impact fees		153,389	591,0 00		744,389	
Inventory		-	2 49,9 34		249,934	
Unrestricted (Deficit)		302,067	 1,936,273		2,238,340	
Total Net Assets	\$	7,715,275	\$ 9,3 62,8 81	\$	17,078,156	

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES

4A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

The City participates in the following employee pension systems:

Local Governmental – Cost Sharing Defined Benefits Pension Plans

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory

Retirement System (Noncontributory System), and the Public Safety Noncontributory

Retirement System (Public Safety Noncontributory System) for employers with (without)

social security coverage, all of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit

pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). The Systems

provide retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, death benefits and refunds
to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes established and

amended by the State Legislature.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Chapter 49) as amended, which also establishes the Utah State Retirement Office (office) for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans. Chapter 49 places the Systems, the Office and related plans and programs under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems and Plans. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Funding Policy. The City is required to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the respective systems to which they belong; 11.09% to the Noncontributory, and 19.08% to the Public Safety Noncontributory Systems. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates and are approved by the Board as authorized by Chapter 49.

The City's contributions to the various Systems for the years ending June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003, respectively, were; for the Noncontributory System, \$71,467, \$55,063, and \$49,254; and for the Public Safety Noncontributory, \$28,181, \$21,921, and \$18,915. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

4.B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has purchased comprehensive general liability insurance through the Utah Local Governments' Trust. The City pays premiums to the Trust for its general insurance coverage, automobile liability, and personal injury protection. The Trust is self sustaining through member premiums. The City is subject to a minimal deductible for claims.

4.C REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The following information is presented as required by the Utah State Code Section 17B-4-1305:

The tax increment collected by the agency	\$ 25,000
The amount of tax increment paid to any taxing agency	\$ -
The outstanding principal amount of loans incurred to finance the cost associated with the agency	\$ 117,000
The actual amounts expended for: Acquisition of property Site improvements or preparation costs Installation of public utilities or other public improvements Administrative costs Total Expended	\$ 6,176 - 4,279 10,455

4.D. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During 2005 it was determined that the Ambulance department of the General Fund should be presented as an enterprise fund for the year ended June 30, 2005. A summary in the change in fund balance is presented below.

Change in government-wide financials:	_	Balance e 30, 2004
Cash and cash equivelants Accounts receivable Capital assets (net of depreciation) Due from other funds Prior period adjustment - government wide statements	\$	42,416 21,437 167,248 18 231,119
Change in fund financials statements Cash and cash equivelants Accounts receivable Due from other funds Prior period adjustment - fund financial statements	\$	42,416 21,437 18 63,871

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Ephraim City Combining Balance Sheet for Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

	Special Revenue Fund Special			Permanent Funds Cemetery		Total Non-major		
		evelopment		essment	Perpetual		Governmental	
ASSETS		Agency		uaranty		Care		Funds
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,712	\$	2	\$	211,845	\$	222,559
Accounts receivable	Ψ	59,734	Ψ	6,10 8	Ψ	3,033	Ψ	68,875
Due from other funds		-		-		6,235		6,235
Total Assets	\$	70,446	\$	6,110	\$	221,113	\$	297,669
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accrued liabilities	\$	2,535	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,535
Defered revenue		74, 95 5		6,108		-		81,063
Due to other funds		151,121		2				151,123
Total Liabilities		228,611		6,110				234,721
Fund balances:								
Reserved		(158,165)		-		221,113		62,948
Total Fund Balances		(158,1 6 5)		-		221,113		62,948
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	70,446	\$	6,110	\$	221,113	\$	297,669

Ephraim Clty Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

-	Special Reve Redevelopment Agency	nue Funds Special Assessments Guaranty	Permanent Funds Cemetery Perpetual Care	Total Non-major Governmental Funds		
REVENUES:	\$ 25,000	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 25,000		
Taxes	76	-	-	76		
Interest income	45,372	•	4,332	49 ,704		
Charges for services	6,250	-	<u>•</u>	6,250		
Miscellaneous Total	76,698		4,332	81,030		
EXPENDITURES: Community and economic development	10,455	-	-	10,455		
Debt Service:	75, 516	_	-	75,516		
Principal	•	_	-	(1,430)		
Interest	(1,430)			84,541		
Total	84,541					
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,843)		4,332	(3,511)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			2,873	2,873		
Interest income	-	(47,449)	(1,000)	(48,449)		
Transfer out		(47,449)	1,873	(45,576)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(47,443)				
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Use	es (7,843) (150,322)	(47,449) 47,449	6,205 214,908	(49,08 7) 112,035		
Fund Balances - Beginning	\$ (158,165)	\$ -	\$ 221,113	\$ 62,948		
Fund Balances - Ending						

Ephraim City Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
	Solid Waste		Fire District		industrial Park		Rodeo Grounds		Ambulance Fund			Total
ASSETS Current Assets:	_ 	32,865	\$	8,639	\$	21,169	\$	4,733	\$	54,458	\$	121,864
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable: Utilities receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts	•	13,8 22 (131)		6,028 (39)		- - 721		- - 3,127		- - (1,29 9)		19,850 (170) 2,549
Other receivables Inventory - at cost Due from other funds		2,223		584		1,432		320 8,180		- 53,159		4,559 148,652
Total Current Assets		48,779		15,212		23,022				<u> </u>		142,187
FIXED ASSETS Improvements Less: accumulated depreciation		-		-		- -		142,187 (3,160) -		- - 220,776		(3,160) 307,448
Machinery and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation Total Noncurrent Assets		86,672 (78,053) 8,619		<u> </u>			. <u> </u>	139,027 147,207		(53,527) 167,249 220,408		(131,580) 314,895 463,547
Total Assets		57,398		15,212		23,322		147,207		2.20,400		100,011
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable		-		3,419		-		254		- •		3,6 7 3
Current portion of bonds payable Due to other funds		<u>-</u>		3,419	_	<u>.</u>		254				3,673
Total Current Liabilities					_							
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Retained Earnings		8,619		-		-		139,027		167,249	1	314,895
Restricted for: Inventory Unreserved Total Net Assets	\$	48,779 5 7,39 8		11,793 11,793		23,322 \$ 23,322		7,9 26 146,9 5 3	\$	53,159 220,408		144,9 7 9 459,8 7 4

Ephraim City Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
	Solid Fire		Fire	Industrial		Rodeo		Ambulance				
		Waste		District		Park		ounds		Fund		Total
Operating Revenues:												
Charges for sales and services	\$	127,022	\$	48 ,914	•		•		_			
Miscellaneous	Ψ	121,022	Φ	40,914	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,859	\$	249,795
Total Operating Revenues		127,022		40.044				-		10,177		10,177
Total Operating Nevertues		127,022		48,914						84,036		259,972
Operating Expenses:												
Salaries and wages		-		_		_				C 500		
Administrative costs		4,497		_				-		6,533		6,533
Materials and supplies		.,		_		_		2 422		-		4,497
Repairs and maintenance		_		_		•		2,133		32,080		34,213
Depreciation		_		-		•		- 0.400		12,488		12,488
Service in lieu of taxes		115		22 200		-		3,160		11,8 55		15,015
Insurance		1,070		23,20 0		-		-		-		23,3 15
Professional services		1,070		-		-		-		-		1,0 70
Utilities and telephone		-		32,801		-		1,70 0		20,399		54, 90 0
Landfill costs		-		-		-		-		-		_
Collection costs		38,659		•		-		-		-		38,659
Travel		71,358		-		-		-		-		71,358
		-		-		•		-		5,726		5,726
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		(96)		-		-		-		6,0 10		5,914
Total Operating Expenses		115,603		56,001		-		6,993		95,091		267,155
Operating income		11,419		(7,087)		-		(6,993)		(11,055)		(7,183)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):										·		
Interest revenue												
Interest Expense		-		-		-		-		344		344
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		 -		<u> </u>								_
rotal Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)										344		344
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Operating transfers out		_		(11,800)								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(11,800)		<u> </u>		 .				(11,800)
(5565)		-		(11,000)		-		-		-		(11,800)
Net Income (Loss)		11,419		(18,887)		-		(6,993)		(10,711)		(25,172)
Change in Net Assets		11,419		(18,887)		_		(6,993)		(10,711)		/DE 470\
Total Net Assets - Beginning		45,979		30,680		23,322		53,946		(10,717)		(25,172)
Prior Period Adjustment				-				,		231,119		253,927
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	57,398	\$	11,793	\$	23,322	\$ 14	46,953	\$	220,408	œ.	231,119
-			<u> </u>	.,	–	_0,022	<u> </u>	10,000	Ψ.	220,400	\$	459,874

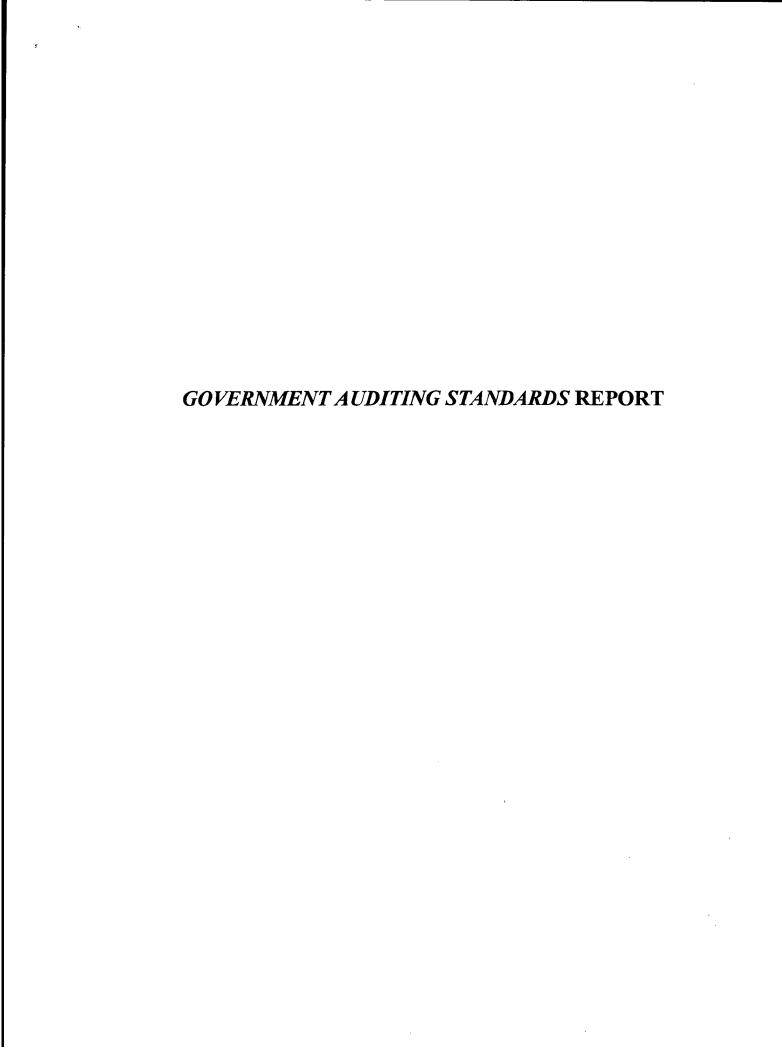
Ephraim City Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	Solid Waste	Fire District	Industrial Park	Rodeo Grounds	Ambulance Fund	Total			
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers Other cash receipts	\$131,120 -	\$ 54, 75 5 -	\$ 4,819 -	\$ 26,793 -	\$ 9 6,597 10,177	\$ 314,084 10,177			
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided (used) by	(115,603)	(52,582)	-	(92,974)	(88,199) (6,533)	(3 49,3 58) (6,533)			
operating activities	15,517	2,173	4,819	(66,181)	12,042	(31,630)			
Cash Flows From Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities									
Operating transfers out Net cash provided (used) by non-capital		(11,800)				(11,800)			
and related financing activities		(11,800)				(11,800)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	15 ,517	(9,627)	4,819	(66,181)	12,042	(43,430)			
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	17,348	18,266	16,350	70,914	42,416	(4 3,430) 165,294			
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 32,865	\$ 8,639	\$ 21,169	\$ 4,733	\$ 54,458	\$ 121,864			
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Operating income	\$ 11,419	\$ (7,087)	\$ -	\$ (6,993)	\$ (11,055)	\$ (13,716)			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					(**,,****)	<u> </u>			
Depreciation expense	•	-	-	3,160	11,855	15,015			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	3,672	3, 63 6	3,755	16,285	22,720	50,068			
(Increase) decrease in due from/to other funds (Increase) decrease in inventories	426 -	2 ,20 5 -	1,064 -	10,50 8 -	18	14,221			
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	0	3,419	0	(89,141)	(11,496)	(97,218)			
Total adjustments	4,098	9,260	4,819	(59,188)	23,097	(17,914)			
Net cash provided (used) by	A .==								
operating activities	\$ 15,517	\$ 2,173	\$ 4,819	<u>\$ (66,181)</u>	\$ 12,042	\$ (31,630)			

CITY OF EPHRAIM, UTAH
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
ON LEGAL COMPLIANCE
MANAGEMENT LETTER
JUNE 30, 2005

CITY OF EPHRAIM, UTAH TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2005

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 28, 2005

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members Ephraim City, Utah

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Ephraim City, Utah (herein referred to as the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of the City in the management letter.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operations that we consider to be material

weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management in the management letter.

This report is intended for the information of the Mayor and City Council, management, and various federal and state funding and auditing agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Larson & Company

Certified Public Accountants

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	STATE COMPLIANC	LE REPURI	



LARSON & COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON LEGAL COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE UTAH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

October 28, 2005

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members Ephraim City, Utah

We have audited the basic financial statements of Ephraim City, Utah, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2005. As part of our audit, we have audited the Ephraim City's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended June 30, 2005. The City received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

B and C Road Funds (Department of Transportation) Liquor Law Enforcement (State Tax Commission)

Our audit also included test work on the City's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide, including:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Truth In Taxation
Justice Court
Other General Compliance Requirements
Uniform Building Code Standards
Impact Fees and Other Development Fees
Asset Forfeiture

The management of the Ephraim City is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

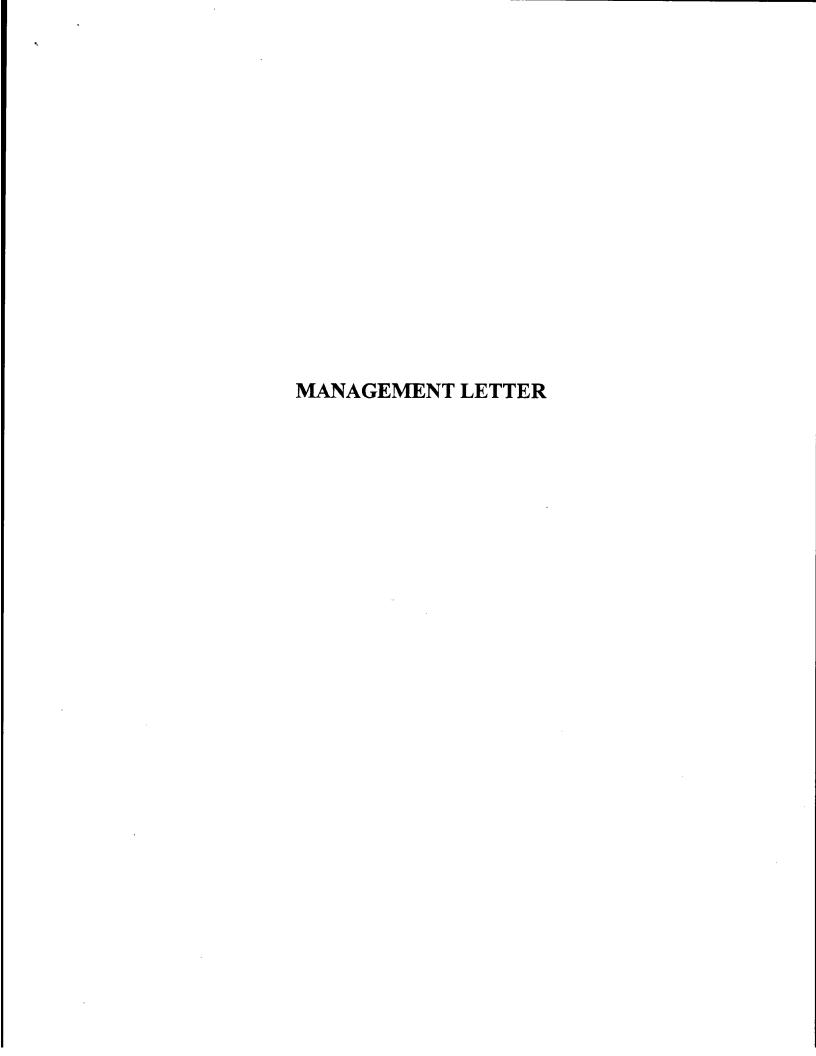
The results of our audit procedures disclosed immaterial instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above, which are described in the management letter. We considered these instances of noncompliance in forming our opinion on compliance, which is expressed in the following paragraph.

In our opinion, Ephraim City, Utah, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to each of its major State assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Larson & Company

Certified Public Accountants

James + Company



CITY OF EPHRAIM, UTAH CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

INTERNAL CONTROL AND ACCOUNTING

FINDING - SALES TAX CALCULATION

The sales tax calculation for the month of June was incorrect for the utility billing for the month of June. There was an error when the rate was entered into Caselle. This caused some customers to be slightly undercharged for that month.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that when utility rates change (ie sales tax), that they be double checked before the next utility billing cycle runs.

EPHRAIM CITY'S RESPONSE

The City had caught the error soon after the June billing and corrected the rate in Caselle.

STATE COMPLIANCE

FINDING - BUDGETED REVENUES

Budgeted revenues on the TC-693 Report for property taxes do not equal budgeted revenues for property taxes in the City's adopted budget as required by law.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the City comply with this state regulation by ensuring that the adopted budget for property taxes equals the amount on the TC-693 Report.

EPHRAIM CITY'S RESPONSE

The City does not always receive information on the certified tax rate in a time to reflect that information in the original budget.

CITY OF EPHRAIM, UTAH CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

FINDING - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

A deficit equity balance existed in the Redevelopment Agency Fund. State law prohibits deficit equity balances.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that expenditures be monitored in the Redevelopment Agency to ensure that the deficit balance is reversed.

EPHRAIM CITY'S RESPONSE

The nature of Redevelopment Agencies prevents municipalities from avoiding deficit fund balances. The City will monitor expenses in the Redevelopment Agency to ensure that the deficit fund balance is reversed.

CITY OF EPHRAIM, UTAH STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

INTERNAL CONTROL AND ACCOUNTING

FINDING - CASH DISBURSEMENTS

Of 60 disbursements tested, 11 lacked proper documentation

STATUS

No problems noted in current year audit.

FINDING - LACK OF SEPARATION OF DUTIES

Because the same people who handle cash receipts also perform various bookkeeping functions and utility billings, there is no system of "independent checking" as would exist in a City with more accounting personnel. For example, it is usually best to assign the responsibility for receipting utility payments to someone other than the person in charge of utility billing. This lack of separation of duties provides an environment where City assets could be more easily misappropriated.

STATUS

No change. Resources limit the City's ability to fully segregate duties. City council continues to approve transactions in an effort to mitigate the risks associated with the lack of a full separation of duties.

- STATE COMPLIANCE

FINDING - PURCHASING POLICY

Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act 10-6-122 requires that the City Council formally adopt a purchasing policy. The City does not appear to have a formal purchasing policy adopted.

STATUS

The policy has been adopted.

CITY OF EPHRAIM, UTAH STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

FINDING - BUDGETED REVENUES

Budgeted revenues on the TC-693 Report for property taxes do not equal budgeted revenues for property taxes in the City's adopted budget as required by law.

STATUS

See current year findings.

FINDING - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

A deficit equity balance existed in the Redevelopment Agency and the Capital Projects Fund (Building Authority.) State law prohibits deficit equity balances.

STATUS

See current year findings.